

One More Gap Bridged Towards Practice

Support Serialization Feature in Native Image

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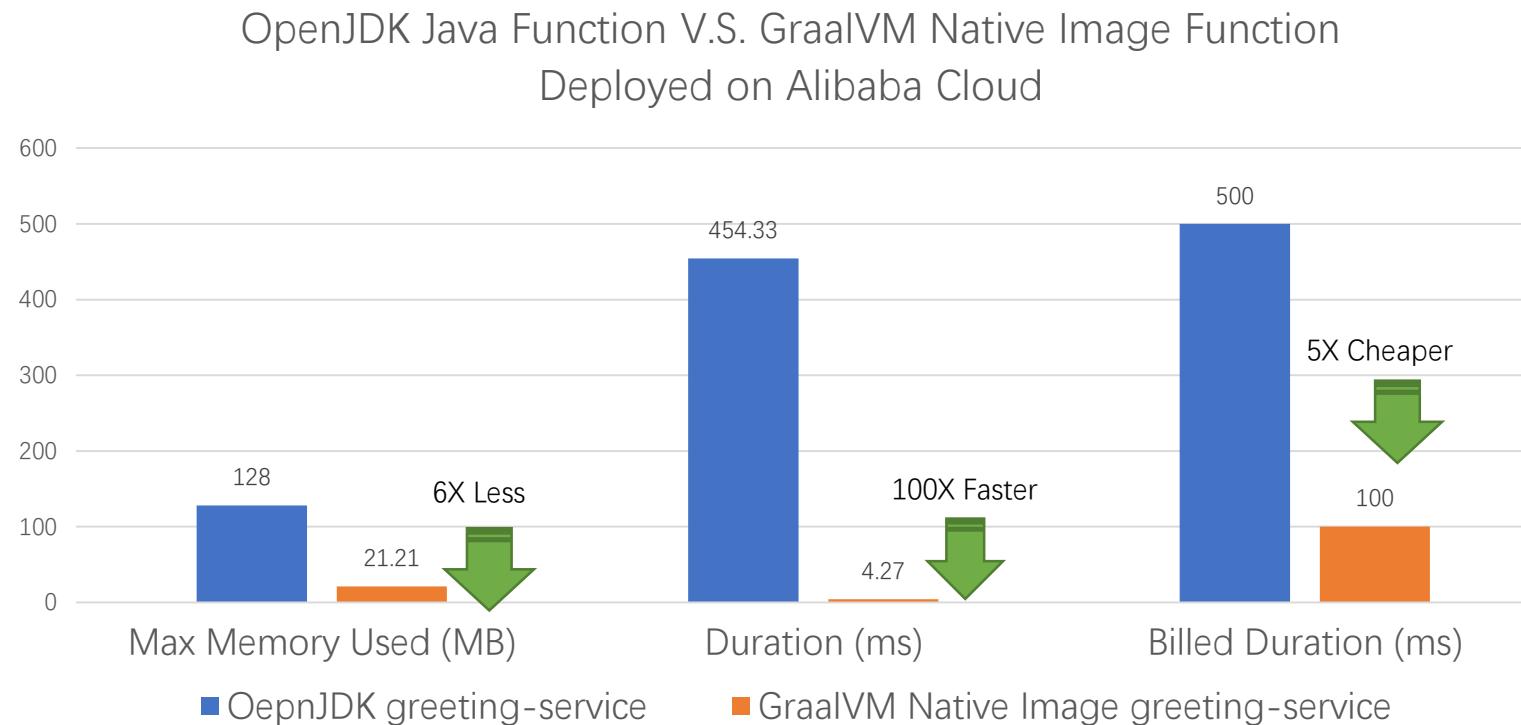
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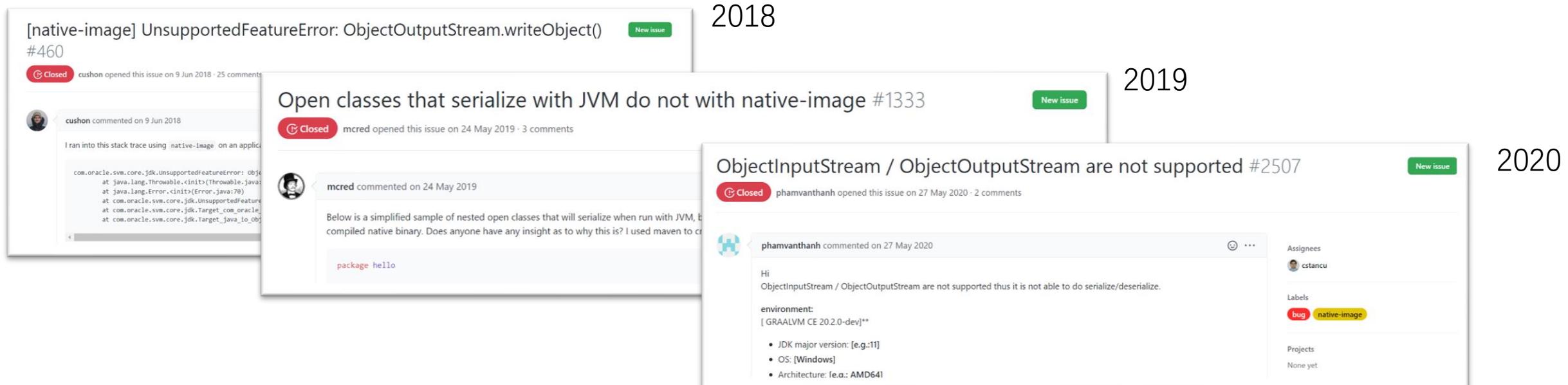
Background

- Why are we interested in native image?
 - Fast startup
 - Less footprint
 - Ideal for FaaS
- Limitations: Not 100% compatible with OpenJDK
 - Not support some key features, e.g. serialization, dynamic class loading and multiple classloaders
 - Stability concerns



Motivation

- Java serialization is used in Alibaba middleware. Can't work around when building native image for Alibaba applications.
- Serialization feature is demanded in the GraalVM community for a long time



The image shows a timeline of three GitHub issues from 2018 to 2020, illustrating the evolution of the serialization feature request in the GraalVM community.

2018: [native-image] UnsupportedFeatureError: ObjectOutputStream.writeObject() #460

2019: Open classes that serialize with JVM do not with native-image #1333

2020: ObjectInputStream / ObjectOutputStream are not supported #2507

The issues show a progression from a general serialization error to specific problems with open classes and finally to a comprehensive report of missing stream support, which includes environment details and project metadata.

[native-image] UnsupportedFeatureError: ObjectOutputStream.writeObject() #460

Closed cushion opened this issue on 9 Jun 2018 · 25 comments

cushon commented on 9 Jun 2018

I ran into this stack trace using `native-image` on an application.

```
com.oracle.svm.core.jdk.UnsupportedFeatureError: Obj...  
at java.lang.Throwable.<init>(Throwable.java:17)  
at java.lang.Error.<init>(Error.java:70)  
at com.oracle.svm.core.jdk.UnsupportedFeatureError.  
at com.oracle.svm.core.jdk.Target_com_oracle_s...  
at com.oracle.svm.core.jdk.Target_java_io_Obj...
```

Open classes that serialize with JVM do not with native-image #1333

Closed mcred opened this issue on 24 May 2019 · 3 comments

mcred commented on 24 May 2019

Below is a simplified sample of nested open classes that will serialize when run with JVM, but not with native binary. Does anyone have any insight as to why this is? I used maven to create the native binary.

```
package hello;
```

ObjectInputStream / ObjectOutputStream are not supported #2507

Closed phamvanthanh opened this issue on 27 May 2020 · 2 comments

phamvanthanh commented on 27 May 2020

Hi
ObjectInputStream / ObjectOutputStream are not supported thus it is not able to do serialize/deserialize.

environment:
[GRAALVM CE 20.2.0-dev]**

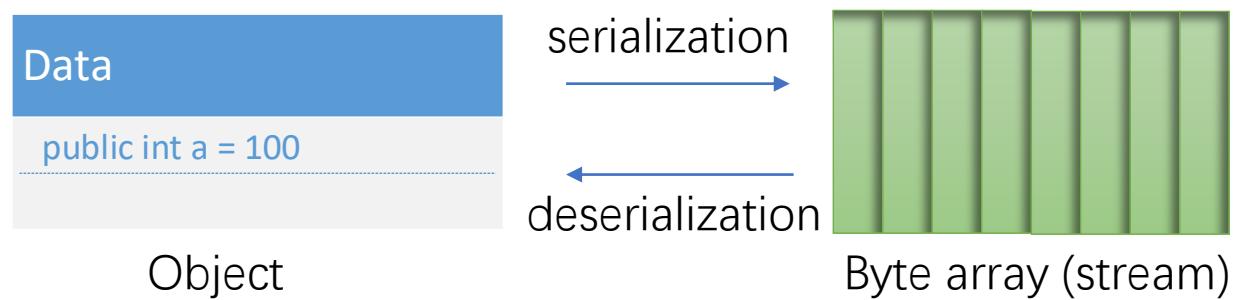
- JDK major version: [e.g.:11]
- OS: [Windows]
- Architecture: [e.g.: AMD64]

Assignees: cstancu

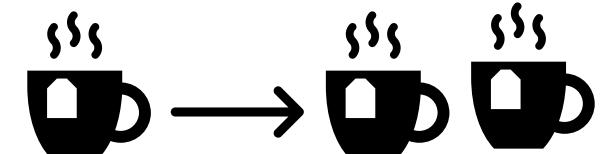
Labels: bug native-image

Projects: None yet

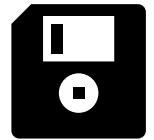
What is Serialization



Communication



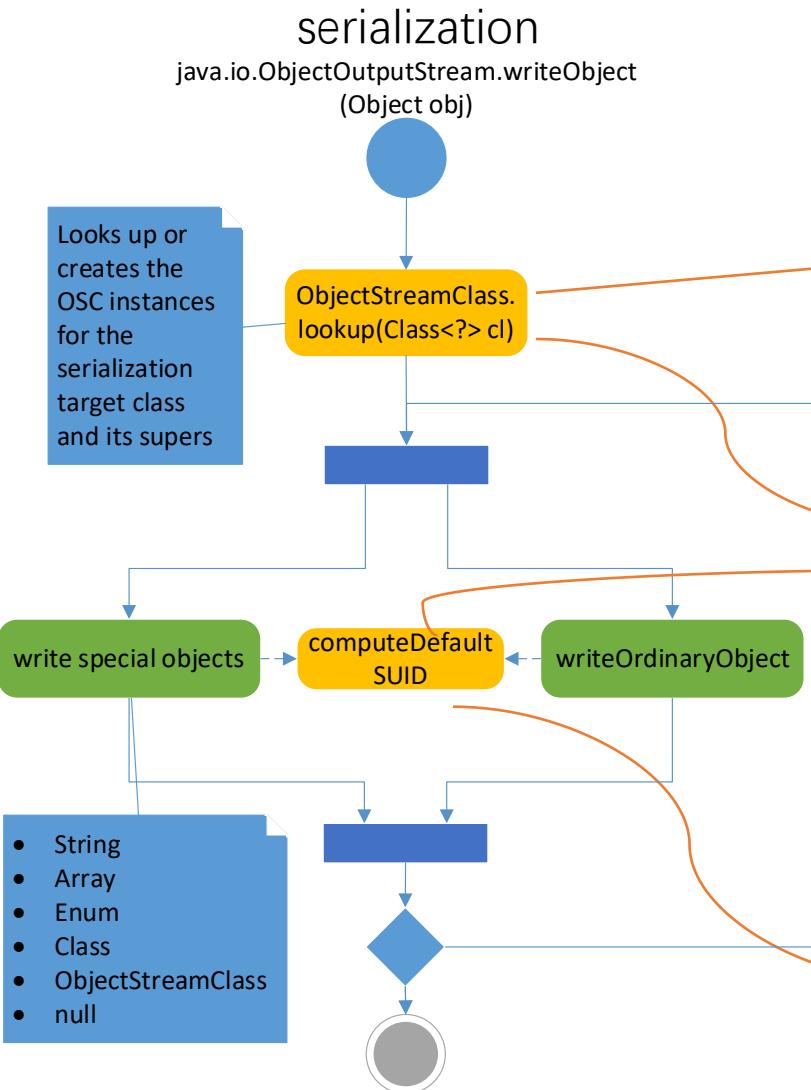
Deep Clone



Data Persistence

- Object Serialization Specification (OSS):
<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/platform/serialization/spec/serialTOC.html>
- `java.io.ObjectInputStream`: For deserialization
- `java.io.ObjectOutputStream`: For serialization
- `java.io.ObjectStreamClass`: Target class descriptor, short as OSC

OpenJDK Implementation



Dynamic Class Loading

MethodAccessorGenerator.generateSerializationConstructor(...)

Reflections

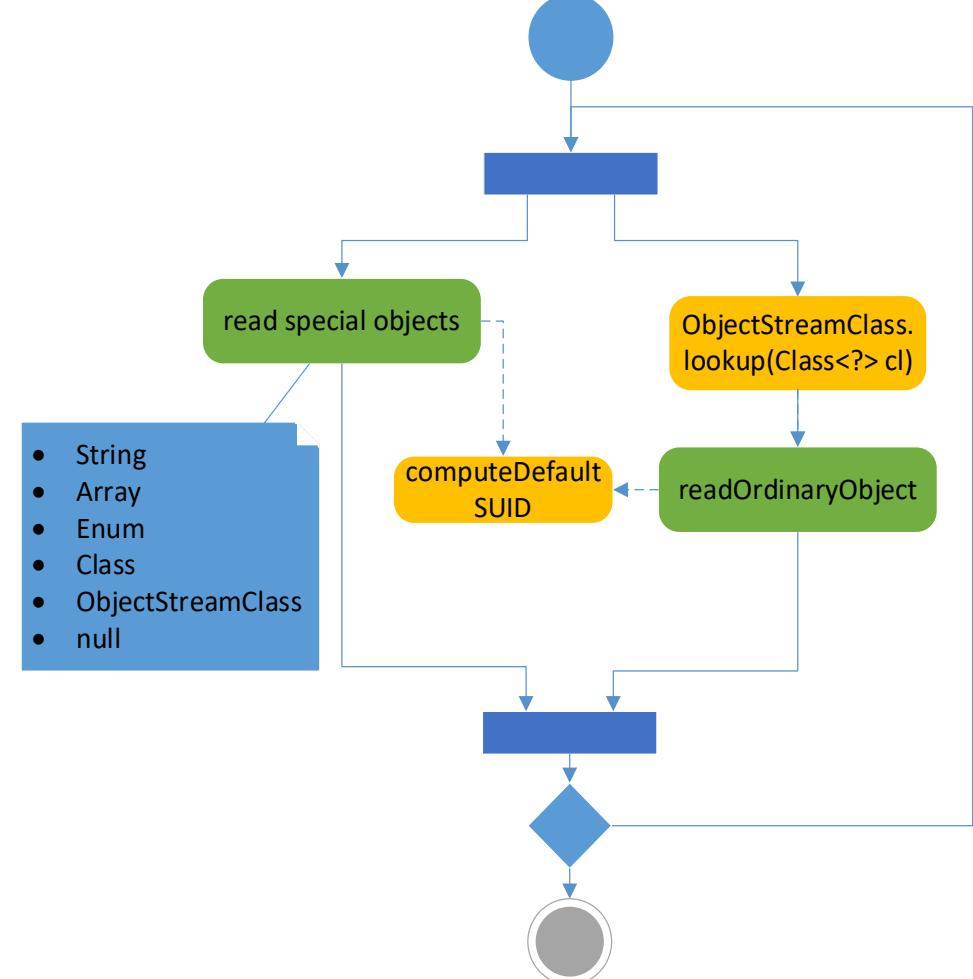
- Fields
- Constructors
- Methods

Native Method Call

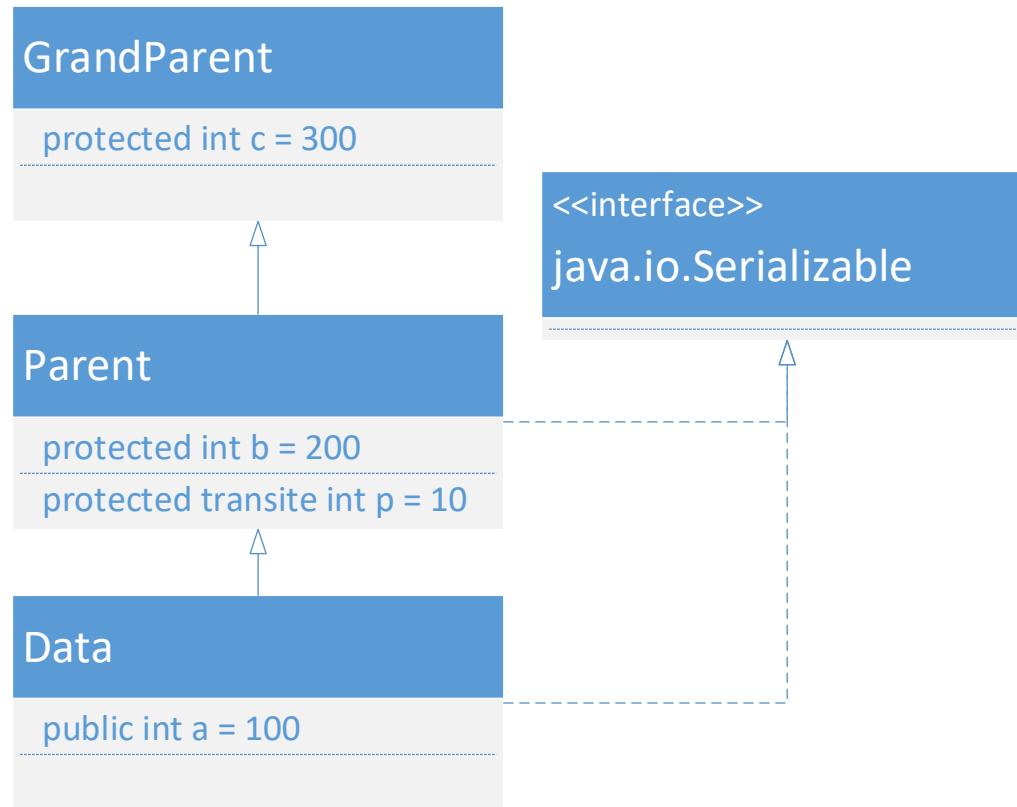
ObjectStreamClass.hasStaticInitializer(Class)

deserialization

java.io.ObjectInputStream.readObject()



Object Instantiation at Deserialization



Data data: a=1, b=2, c=3, p=4

```

private Object readOrdinaryObject(boolean unshared)
throws IOException
{
    ...
    Object obj;
    try {
        obj = desc.isInstantiable() ? desc.newInstance() : null;
    } catch (Exception ex) {
        ...
    }
    ...
    readSerialData(obj, desc);
    ...
    return obj;
}
  
```

A callout box highlights the line `desc.newInstance()` with a red border. Another callout box contains the text: *"the no-arg constructor for the first non-serializable supertype is run"* OSS 3.1.11.a.

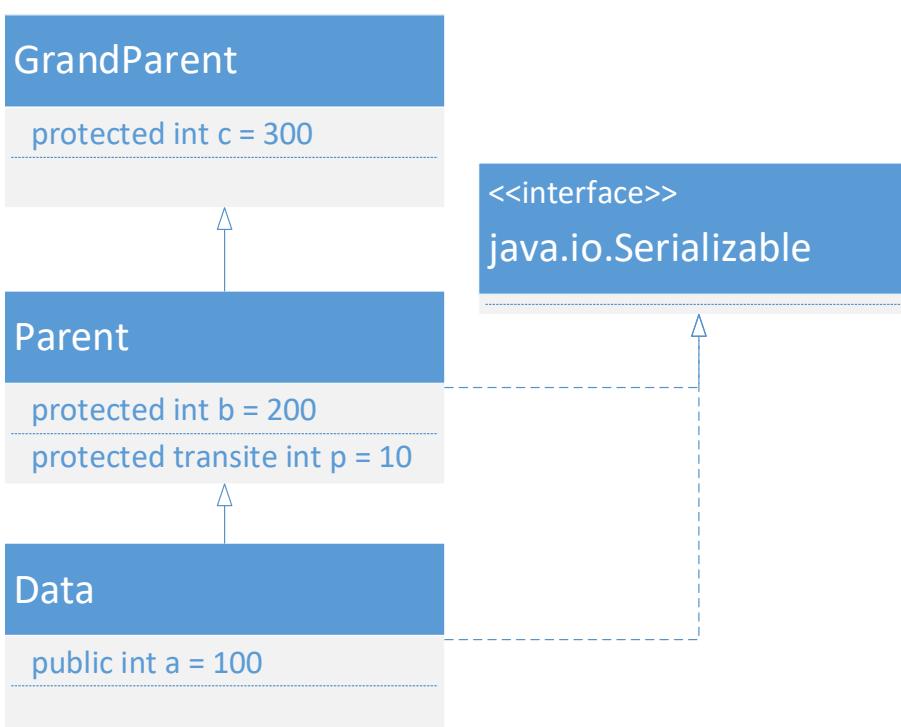
A yellow callout box contains the code: `Data data = new GrandParent()`.

Two boxes on the right show state transitions:

- Initial State (Top Right):** `a=0`, `b=0`, `p=0`, `c=300`
- Final State (Bottom Right):** `a=1`, `b=2`, `p=0`, `c=300`

Dynamic Class Loading Can Help

- Dynamically generated class “GeneratedSerializationConstructorAccess” (GSCA)
- It’s almost constant, so is possible to turn to static



```

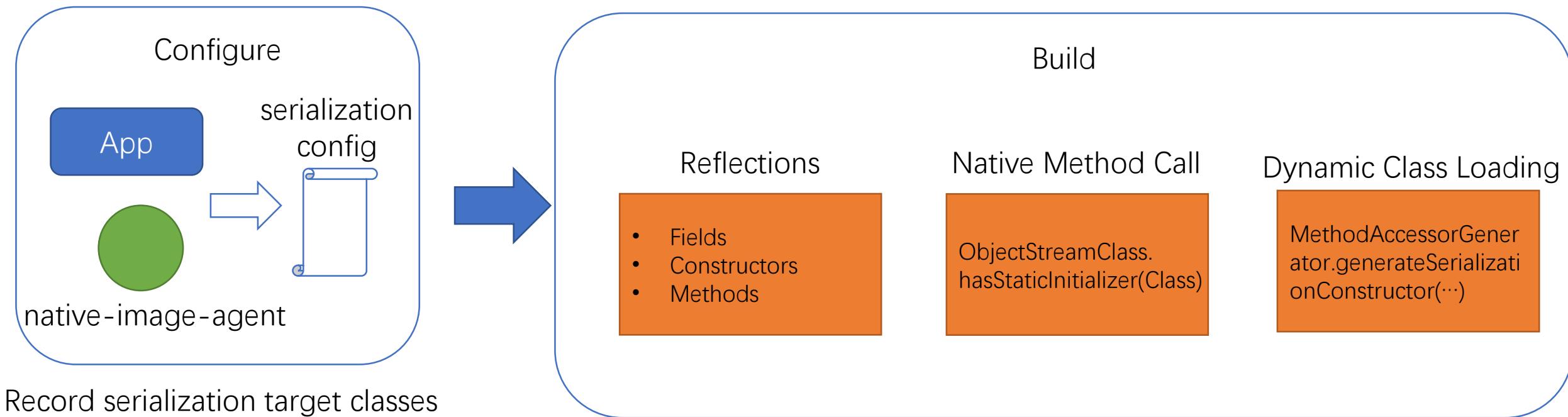
public sun.reflect.GeneratedSerializationConstructorAccessor2();
descriptor: ()V
flags: ACC_PUBLIC
Code:
stack=1, locals=1, args_size=1
0: aload_0
1: invokespecial #36           // Method sun/reflect/SerializationConstructorAccessorImpl."<init>":()V
4: return

public java.lang.Object newInstance(java.lang.Object[])
descriptor: ([Ljava/lang/Object;)Ljava/lang/Object;
flags: ACC_PUBLIC
Code:
stack=6, locals=2, args_size=2
0: new           #6            // class com/alibaba/test/serialize/Data
3: dup
4: aload_1
5: ifnull         24
8: aload_1
9: arrayLength
10: sipush        0
13: if_icmpneq   24
16: new           #22          // class java/lang/IllegalArgumentException
19: dup
20: invokespecial #29          // Method java/lang/IllegalArgumentException."<init>":()V
23: athrow
24: invokespecial #12          // Method com/alibaba/test/serialize/GrandParent."<init>":()V
27: areturn
28: invokespecial #42          // Method java/lang/Object.toString():Ljava/lang/String;
31: new           #22          // class java/lang/IllegalArgumentException
34: dup_x1
35: swap
36: invokespecial #32          // Method java/lang/IllegalArgumentException."<init>":(Ljava/lang/String;)V
39: athrow
40: new           #24          // class java/lang/reflect/InvocationTargetException
43: dup_x1
44: swap
45: invokespecial #35          // Method java/lang/reflect/InvocationTargetException."<init>":(Ljava/lang/Throwable;)V
48: athrow
Exception table:
  from   to target type
    0    24   28  Class java/lang/ClassCastException
    0    24   28  Class java/lang/NullPointerException
   24    27   40  Class java/lang/Throwable
Exceptions:
  throws java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException
}
  
```

The provided Java bytecode shows the implementation of the `newInstance` method. It first creates a new instance of the `Data` class (line 0). It then checks if the argument is null (lines 3-5). If it is, it throws a `java.lang.IllegalArgumentException` (lines 16-23). Finally, it throws the dynamically generated constructor's exception (line 24).

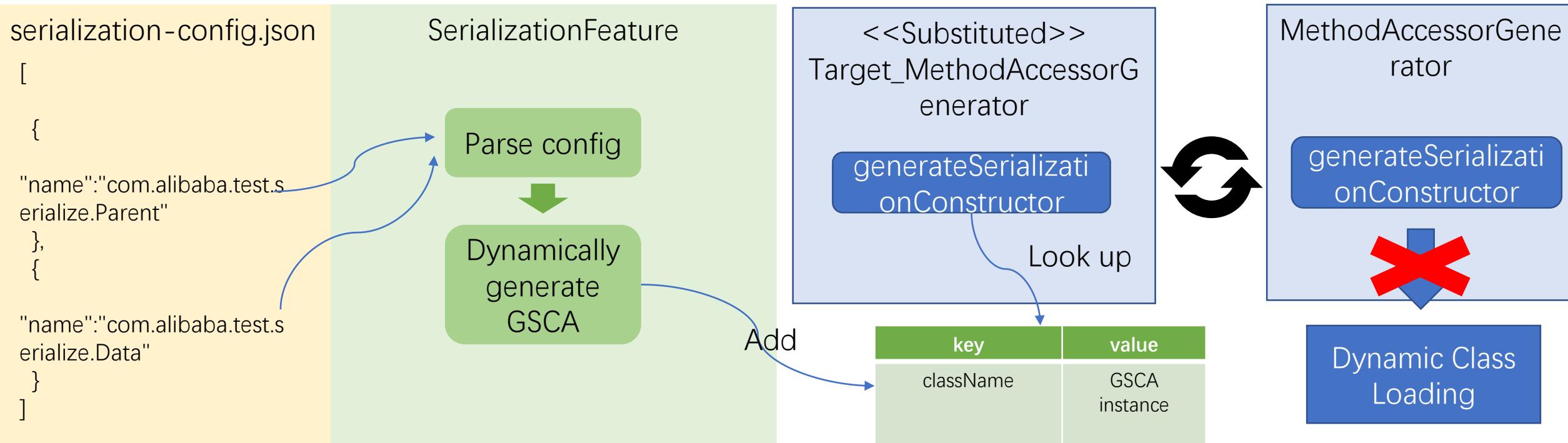
Implementation Overview

- Overall strategy:
 - Configure the target class
 - Fix the unsupported features, so that the serialization implementation in OpenJDK can be compiled into native image.



Turn Dynamic to Static

- The GSCA is almost constant expect target class
- “Classes are identified by name.”*-- OSS 5.3 Assumptions
- Cache GSCA at build time, fetch at runtime



Results

- Support Apache MINA's RPC now.
- Support JUnit now. We can write JUnit tests for native image programs.
- Support SPECjvm2008 serial benchmark now.

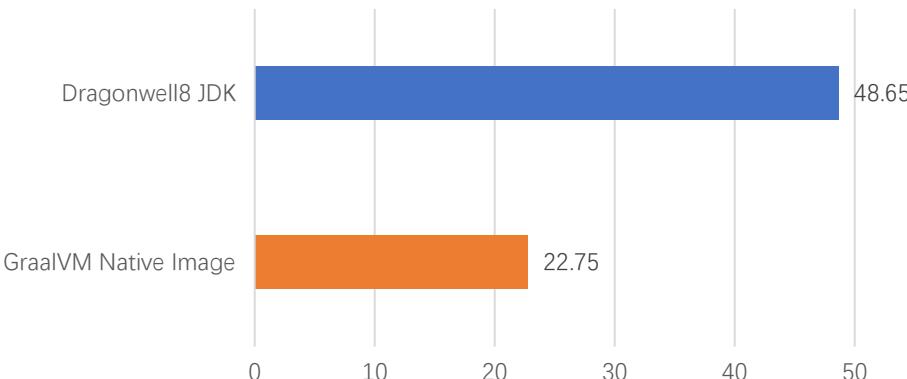
Performance-Setup

- Testing with SPECjvm2008's *serial* benchmark
 - `java -Xmx2g -Xms1g -cp SPECjvm2008.jar spec.harness.Launch serial -opts 100 -bt 1`
 - `./spec.harness.launch serial -opts 100 -bt 1 -Xmx2g -Xms1g`
- GraalVM version:
 - Compiled on 20 Feb 2021 with master branch till commit:
<https://github.com/oracle/graal/commit/f38cc1648c28b1112f1ceac24d9bf17cc5ba4bca>
- JDK version:
 - Alibaba Dragonwell8 JDK 8.6.5* (OpenJDK 8u_282)
- Hardware:
 - Alibaba Cloud Elastic Compute Service Instance
 - Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2682 v4 @ 2.50GHz, 4 cores
 - Memory 8G

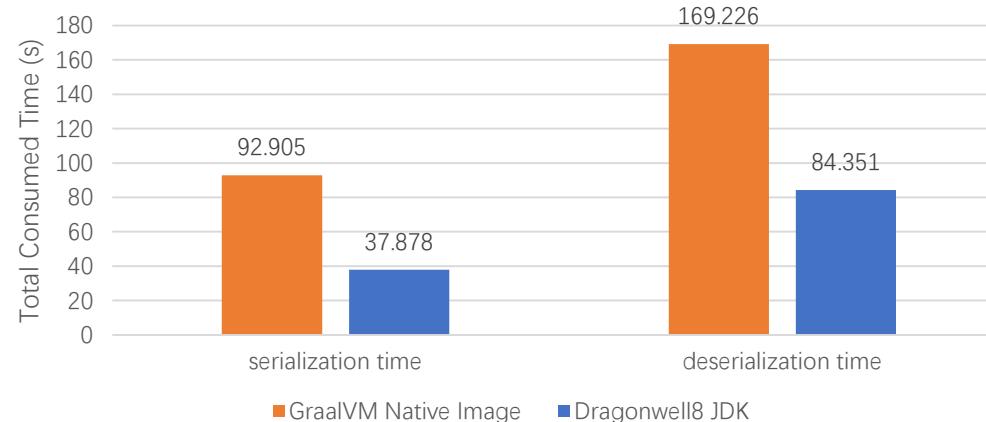
* a downstream of OpenJDK developed by Alibaba

Performance - Result

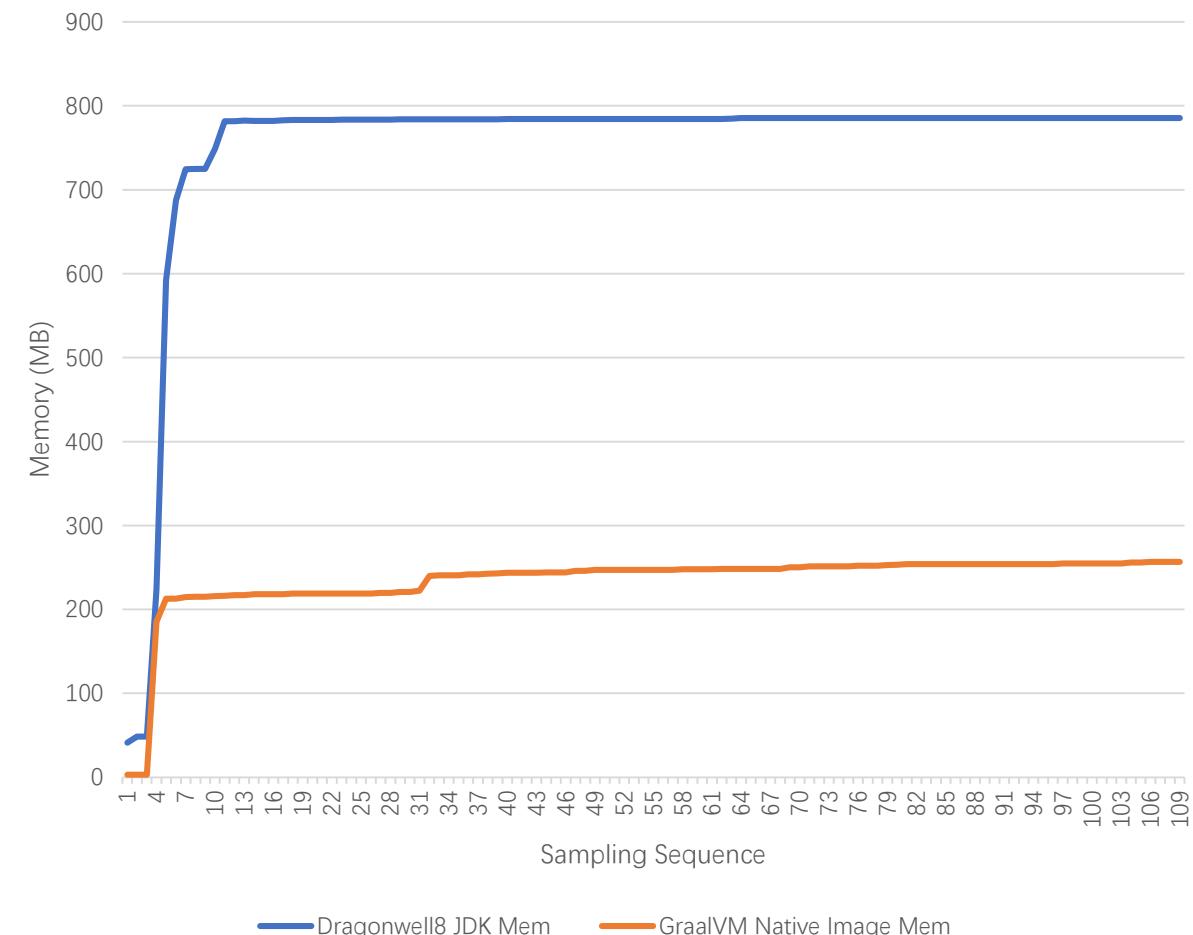
Comparison of
SPECjvm2008 Score



Comparison of
Serialization and Deserialization Time Consumed



Comparison of Memory



Limitation and Future Work

- Implicit assumption: The serialization target class name is constant
- Lambda class breaks the assumption
 - Lambda class is dynamically generated
 - The class name is changing
- Future work
 - Solve the lambda limitation
 - Improve performance

java.lang.invoke.InnerClassLambdaMetafactory.<init>

```
constructorType = invokedType.changeReturnType(Void.TYPE);
lambdaClassName = targetClass.getName().replace( oldChar: ':', newChar: '$') + "$$Lambda$" + counter.incrementAndGet();
cw = new ClassWriter(ClassWriter.COMPUTE_MAXS);
int parameterCount = invokedType.parameterCount();
if (parameterCount > 0) {
```

Summary

- JDK serialization is widely used in Java world, supporting it can help more programs to adapt to native image.
- The keys of the implementation are:
 - Auto-config: Add JVMTI method breakpoint to auto-record all serialization target classes
 - Dynamic-to-static: Generate configured classes' GSCAs and cache them in the native image for runtime usage
- <https://github.com/oracle/graal/pull/2730>
- Officially released in GraalVM 21.0



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Thank you!